

## TO-NIGHT

Is positively the last chance to take advantage of the bargains offered in damaged clothing. Every one who wants any article of clothing for less than half what it is worth should call this evening at the New York One Price Clothing House.

L. I. MOSSLER &amp; BRO.

37 East Washington street.

## SHAWLS.

CASHMERE, REAL PAISLEYS

## OTTOMAN.

Our stock is very large and desirable to select from. The ladies are respectfully invited to call and examine.

ADAMS &amp; HATCH.

66 EAST WASHINGTON ST.

## JUST OPENING

My New Fall Stock of

CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS,

WINDOW SHADES, ETC.

Albert Gall,

NO. 101 EAST WASHINGTON ST.,

Opposite the Court House.

## FOR RENT.

FOR RENT-A PLEASANT ROOM, 115 Mass.

FOR RENT-STORE ROOM, NO. 47, CORNER

FOR RENT-FURNISHED HOUSE WITH 4

FOR RENT-TWO FURNISHED OR UNFUR

FOR RENT-A GOOD OFFICE ROOM IN

FOR RENT-A DRESSMAKING AND MILLIN

FOR RENT-FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED

FOR RENT-A FURNISHED FRONT SLEEP

FOR RENT-A SMALL HOUSE AND LOT

FOR RENT-ELABORATE SINGLE SLEEPING

## PERSONAL.

PERSONAL-YOU CAN GET WARM MEALS

## FOR TRADE.

FOR TRADE-A BOARDING HOUSE WITH 30

Letters addressed simply to the number of a box, and without the name of the party for whom intended, are not to be delivered through the Post Office, but sent to the Post Office, in a box, and such letters in answer to advertisements must be left at The News office to insure delivery.

## WANTED.

WANTED-A GOOD GIRL AT 70 WEST NEW

WANTED-A GOOD CONFECTIONER AT 59

WANTED-A FEW BOARDERS AT 61 NORTH

WANTED-A FEW BOARDERS AT 213 NORTH

WANTED-TWO SMART BOYS. INQUIRE AT

WANTED-FURNISHED SLEEPING ROOM

WANTED-TWO GIRLS IMMEDIATELY, AT

WANTED-A GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK

WANTED-A GOOD SHOEMAKER COBBLER

WANTED-1,000 OLD SILK HATS, NO 19 N

WANTED-A GOOD GIRL, MIDDLE AGED

WANTED-FOUR APPRENTICE GIRLS IN

WANTED-A GOOD GIRL AT 476 N. ILLINOIS

WANTED-TO BUY TEN NO. 1 CASH CROCKERS

WANTED-A FEW BOARDERS, BOTH DAY

WANTED-A GIRL TO DO GENERAL

WANTED-PURCHASERS FOR OFFICE DESKS

WANTED-GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK IN A

WANTED-A GOOD, STOUT BOY TO WORK

WANTED-OUR CITIZENS TO KNOW THE

WANTED-TWO YOUNG MEN CAN GET

WANTED-FREE OYSTER LUNCH THIS

WANTED-FREE OYSTER LUNCH THIS

WANTED-FREE OYSTER LUNCH THIS

WANTED-TELEGRAPHY-LEARN IT AT

WANTED-SEAL PRESSES, STENCILS,

WANTED-NAMES TO CUT, FOR MARKING

WANTED-TO RENT A HOUSE OF 4 OR 5

WANTED-A GOOD GIRL TO DO HOUSE

WANTED-EVERYBODY TO KNOW THAT

WANTED-TO RENT A HOUSE OF FOUR

WANTED-MORE SCHOLARS FOR PIANO

WANTED-TO BORROW, FOR ONE TO FIVE

WANTED-TO LOAN \$200,000 BY NORTH

WANTED-TO TRADE A LOT IN JOHNSON'S

WANTED-A MAN AND WIFE WHO UNDER

WANTED-FURNISHED ROOM IN A PRI

WANTED-SITUATION BY A MARRIED MAN,

WANTED-LADIES' DRESSER, SHAWLS

WANTED-A GOOD STEADY GIRL, WHO DO

WANTED-IT KNOWN THAT N. D. HUB

WANTED-GOOD RELIABLE MEN, WHO H

WANTED-IT KNOWN THAT CATARRH IS

WANTED-GOOD, RELIABLE MEN WANTED

WANTED-BY A YOUNG MAN, 19 YEARS

WANTED-PARTIES TO GO TO ROCKWELL'S

Saddle Rock oysters, 25

Fresh fish, 20c

Meats, 20 to 40c

Hot meals, 10c

Hofmann, 10c

Sandwiches, 10c

Toast, 10c

Coffee and butter, 10c

Tickets sold at the office.

## WANTED.

WANTED-WARM LUNCH AT THE MONITOR,

WANTED-OYSTER SOUP AT THE MONITOR

WANTED-SIX TEAMS AT HAMMOND'S

WANTED-SIX TEAMS ON MADISON AVE

WANTED-SIX TEAMS AT GARVER'S ICE

WANTED-TWO ROOMS, ONE FOR PARLOR

WANTED-TO RENT A HOUSE OF SIX OR

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE-CHEAP, 400 EMPTY SHOE BOXES

FOR SALE-SOUTH ILLINOIS STREET PROP

FOR SALE-A GOOD SECOND-HAND DRAY

FOR SALE-ICE, ICE, ABOUT 1,000 TONS OF

FOR SALE-THREE NEW SPLENDID TRAIL

FOR SALE-\$150 WILL BUY A NICE LITTLE

FOR SALE-WOOD, A LOT OF DRY WOOD

FOR SALE-A FINE LOT ON MERIDIAN ST

FOR SALE-300 LOTS IN OAK HILL SUBURB

FOR SALE-BROKER, ZINA Insurance Building

FOR SALE-20x25 feet, opposite Union Depot

FOR SALE-Choice business property on South

FOR SALE-Choice business property on Wash

FOR SALE-Choice business property on Pennsylv

FOR SALE-Choice lots in Johnson's heirs' ad

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## LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

## FIRST EDITION.

Negro Riot in Jeffersonville, Indiana.

Heavy Defalcation in New York City.

Forgery and Suicide by a Detroit Merchant.

Etc. Etc. Etc.

## INDIANA.

Riot at Jeffersonville-Negroes of a Grant Torchlight Procession Attack Citizens in the Street-Pistols Fired into Crowds on the Sidewalks.

[Special to the Cincinnati Commercial.]

LOUISVILLE, September 13.-The city of Jeffersonville, Indiana, directly opposite here, has been in a state of intense excitement all day, over the outrages of a negro mob. In a political torch-light procession of the night previous, Hon. Nat. Kimball, a Grant stump orator, was announced to speak at McCampbell's Park, and a large delegation of negroes and white men came up from New Albany to participate in the torchlight procession. Their conduct during the parade was outrageous. The testimony of citizens of veracity and standing testifies to the fact that a portion of the negroes and white men from Jeffersonville acted in a very creditable manner, and attempted to assist the officers of the law in preserving order.

Theo. Gilber, a prominent citizen, states that he saw a negro in the procession on Chestnut street, flourishing a pistol and declaring he would go to prison to get to kill a Greeley man. He used vulgar and disorderly language, and officer Seaman arrested him. A crowd of negroes from the procession then attacked the officer, beat him severely, and rescued the negro. During the melee the negroes in the line flourished pistols, and fired into the crowd on the sidewalk. Quinn, Deputy Marshal of the place, a crowd of negroes, one hundred in number, chasing two white men up an alley. He threw himself in front of the mob and tried to stop it. He was attacked and seriously beaten with torches and butts of pistols. The cry was "Damn the Democratic police."

Keigwin, a most prominent citizen, states that in front of Mozart Hall, Burley, a negro, shouted, "Raise, boys, raise," and took a crowd with him after a party of white men, who were spectators on an adjacent corner. The negroes used the vilest language toward the ladies, and several times attacked private houses with stones and fire arms, firing through closed doors and windows. Every white man found on the streets was fired at, with cries of "Shoot him," "Kill him; he's a Greeley man!"

A citizen named Wm. Long, while standing in front of his door, was struck in the eye with a stone, knocking his eye out and otherwise injuring him. The cards of officers and citizens will be published in the papers here, to-morrow, rehearsing the facts and counselling quiet.

The excitement runs high to-night, and the indignation of the citizens of Jeffersonville, of both parties, is almost without bounds. Their wives and daughters have been insulted and mistreated and themselves beaten, and there is no telling what may come of it yet.

## NEW YORK CITY.

Spanish Vessels-Heavy Defalcation. New York, September 14.-There now in this port three Spanish men-of-war. They will remain in port several weeks. Two others are expected from Matanzas, but should they have yellow fever will be instructed to proceed to the north, probably to Portland.

The Numancia is now ready for sea, and will probably sail for Cadiz this evening. She has lost in all nine seamen and two officers by yellow fever. There are no yellow fever patients now in the hospital and doubtless there will be no more this season. One of the most important races of the season and which has been agitating sporting circles for some time, is the single well contest, for one thousand dollars, between Ellis Ward and John Biglin, at New York, next Thursday. In betting Ward is the favorite. There are no takers on even bets, and only bets of small amounts are being made. Both men are actively training for the race, which no doubt will be hotly contested.

Wall street was startled last yesterday afternoon by the announcement that a heavy defalcation had occurred in the banking and brokerage house of Wm. B. Clark & Co., 27 Broadway. It is stated that Richard B. Butler, recently admitted as a partner in the house, had during the clerk's absence in the country converted various securities amounting to about a hundred thousand dollars into gold and left the city. The clerk arrived in the city in the early part of the week, and after a careful examination discovered that a number of the securities were missing. Butler has not since been seen, and it is supposed he has gone to South America. The defalcation will not probably financially affect the house, which is of long standing.

Gen. Sherman is expected in the steampship from Europe which is due here either to-day or to-morrow. Mrs. Sherman arrived yesterday from Washington and will await the General's arrival at the Astor House.

The recent failures of grocery and provision traders in Baltimore do not seriously affect any firms in this city, and it is stated at the Produce Exchange that most of the Baltimore firms which have suspended will make such arrangements with their creditors as will enable them shortly to resume business operations.

Since the fourth instant the sum of \$100,000 has been paid by the Pension Agent here to pensioners.

Horace Greeley arrived here from Johnsbury, Vermont, yesterday. He has accepted an invitation of the managers of the Industrial Fair at Newark, New Jersey, at the Rink, and will be present next Monday evening.

## ILLINOIS.

Thrown from a Mule. Springfield, September 14.-Patrick Colow, a farmer living at Chatham, in this county, was in this city on business. He started home about dark, and before he reached the outskirts of the city he was thrown from the mule which he was riding, and in the fall had his neck dislocated. It was supposed he would not live long, but a day after the accident he is still living, but with no hope of his recovery. If his real injury has been ascertained. He has a wife and five children, and is reported to be a man of excellent reputation, though it is said that he was under the influence of liquor when he started home.

## SECOND EDITION.

Cameron Concedes the Election of Buckalew.

More About the Credit Moblier Ring.

The Evidence Against the Alleged Nathan Murderer.

Etc. Etc. Etc.

## NEW YORK CITY.

Buckalew's Election Conceded-Cameron Excited-The Nathan Murderer, Etc.

New York, September 14.-A letter from Philadelphia to the World announces that the Pennsylvania Radicals concede Buckalew's election, and Cameron is now trying to save the Legislature by trading votes, two to one. The correspondent says: "The desperation of the Grant party is, since the Louisville fiasco, doubly intensified. Cameron swears eternal vengeance against those who, so far as this State is concerned, managed the miserable abortion. Many of our merchants and other business men believe the money paid out so extravagantly by State Treasurer Mackey for the purpose of furnishing delegates for Louisville, came from the State Treasury. Every indication of coming events points conclusively to Buckalew's coming down to Philadelphia with the popular majority of thirty thousand, which will be increased, if an honest count of the votes of this city is given him. To secure the reelection of Simon Cameron it becomes necessary to defeat Colonel Duchert, candidate for Senator in the First District, which is very close. To do this eight hundred Democrats have been recently put to work in the Navy Yard, on condition that they will vote the whole Democratic ticket, excepting only the candidate for State Senator. For this office they are to vote for the Cameron candidate. In addition to this, Republican votes are to be traded off for Democratic votes in the proportion of two to one-that is, two Republican votes will be given for Buckalew or each vote given to the Cameron candidate for State Senator. I mention this as showing the hopelessness of their cause, and how unscrupulous the Cameron managers are. One hundred letter carriers and fifty custom-house employees in Philadelphia have been detailed to attend the Soldiers' Convention at Pittsburgh."

The following story appears in print, assuming to give the facts on which the public authorities rely for convicting Forester of the Nathan murder. On the night of the murder a prominent sporting man went to a gambling house in Broadway and retired broke. He left early in the forenoon and walked to the Fifth Avenue Hotel. He remained in the corridors for a time until the servants commenced, about 4 a. m., to wash the floor with hose. He then went out and walked around to Twenty-third street, where his attention was attracted to a man who walked up and down the south side of the street very nervously, with his thumbs in the armpoles of his vest. Shortly after the sporting man saw two men descend hurriedly from the steps of one of the houses opposite, one of whom had his coat buttoned to his chin. This house was the Nathan mansion. All three hastened in the direction of North River. On the same morning, at an early hour, three strangers entered Radcliffe's oyster saloon, in Eighth avenue. Two called themselves the Nathan family, and the third, who was dressed in a suit whose coat was buttoned closely, asked for and went to the closet. He remained there fifteen minutes, his friends in the meantime waiting at the bar. Then they all left, leaving in possession of the bar keeper a package, which on being opened afterwards was found to contain a shirt of peculiar make, saturated with blood. A reporter tried to obtain information from the bar tender at the time, but he acted as if he desired to conceal all the facts.

Here was a trail. The sleeves of the shirt were stained in an unusually strange manner, two pieces of muslin being used in each sleeve, where one would have sufficed, and the collar was also attached to the shirt. On investigation it was found that a washerwoman up town had washed the shirt for a man who is now serving a term of five years in the Connecticut State Prison. The convict was a "pal" of Forester. The sporting man, among a large number of photographs, picked out a portrait of Forester as the man who was walking up and down.

This, it is said, is what the authorities will prove on the trial, Wednesday next. George Ellis, who was privately confined, for a long time, in the Sixth Precinct Station House, having been brought here on the trial. He will swear that the "dog" which was used in murdering Nathan was stolen from him. Nathan's house was for Forester and himself, and that both of them used it in various burglaries. As the question stands now, Forester was only an accessory, and was not the man who committed the murder.

The Sun continues to follow up the disclosures concerning the bribery of prominent Congressmen by Oakes Ames. It says in an article to-day:

"We have already stated that many months since, soon after we became aware of the existence of Colonel McComb's testimony, one of our reporters visited one of the more conspicuous members of Congress mentioned in Ames's list, and this member admitted to him that, so far as he was concerned, the fact was so. Here we have the confession of one of these persons that this system of bribery was really furnished, and that (Ames) had made such a distribution of credit money among members of Congress."

In addition to this testimony we now have that of another prominent Republican in the House of Representatives, who has personally informed us that in the latter part of 1867 the proposition to allot to him a portion of the Credit Moblier stock was made to him by a member of the Credit Moblier Company, and it was declined. This agent said to our informant: "All your friends are in it, showed him a list of names written on a paper, saying, 'these are the Senators and members who have an interest.' Thus for cases is proved. It is established on the testimony of one of the members bribed, and on the testimony of another member who refused to be bribed. There is no longer a reason to doubt that this thing is substantially as Ames represented."

A dispatch from Fort Sill states that Special Indian Commissioner, Professor Edward Parham, of Philadelphia, died at the residence of Agent Eaton, on the 9th instant, of typhoid fever.

A somewhat mysterious letter, torn in shreds, was found yesterday in front of the cell of Forester, and suspected Nathan murderer. After the shreds having pasted together it was found to be a missive of Detective Egan, St. Louis. The address was blank and the purport somewhat difficult to determine, though hints are thrown out regarding Forester's whereabouts on the night of the murder, and mention made of a scheme to secure his release by perjured testimony.

It is reported in Paris that the trial of Marshal Bassine has begun, to light facts of great gravity.

## OHIO.

Goldsmith Maid a Stolen Mare. CINCINNATI, September 14.-It is asserted here on seemingly good authority, that Goldsmith Maid is a mare formerly belonging to Malcolm Gill. Report is that Gill's trainer saw her in the hands of her present owner and recognized her, and that suit is to be instituted for her possession, on the ground that she was stolen from him.

## ADDITIONAL CITY NEWS.

Another vacation of the Supreme Court is in progress.

There is a Sunday night train to Chicago on the I. C. and L.

Assistant Superintendent Mack, of the I. and St. L., arrived this morning.

A marriage license was issued to-day to Martin Lyons and Elizabeth Turner.

Superintendent Hastings, of the Journal, returned to-day from an Eastern trip.

An employee of the Sewing Machine factory this forenoon lost two fingers by a buzz saw.

Wanted-No more tar kettle for some. The movement upon such occasions is too rapid.

The Academy of Music will be lighted up to-night, in order to see the effects of the new paintings, frescoes, etc.

The High School Crescent Society have elected Leslie Sulgrave, President; G. Long, Treasurer; F. Cotton, Secretary.

Grand Jury Business.

Dr. James P. Siddall was arrested to-day by Bailiff Brown on a warrant caused by a Grand Jury indictment charging him with procuring an abortion upon the person of Susan Wagley, on the 10th of December last. Dr. John B. Abbott went his surety in \$1,500.

Jacob and Lewis Schaffner were also arrested by Bailiff Brown and lodged in jail on three separate warrants for grand larceny.

The Grand Jury returned indictments for nuisance against about fifty of the Water Works Company, on account of the condition of the lower arm of the canal from Market street south.

Tree.

Yesterday a lady from Joliet, Illinois, came to this city in search of her truant husband, and through the efforts of the police succeeded in tracing him to a boarding house on East Maryland street, beyond Virginia avenue. This gentleman, a painter by trade, had been boarding there for some time in company with his supposed wife and child; but two weeks ago the last mentioned lady for a visit to their relations in Illinois. The lady yesterday claimed to be the ranking wife, and she immediately installed herself in his apartment, and patiently waited for his return from work. What passed between them is not known, but this morning he appeared to have accepted the situation and went off to his labor as usual.

That Smoke.

About one o'clock this afternoon the contents of the Illinois street block pavement tar-kettle caught fire and created an immense smoke which hung like a pall over the central portion of the city. As the smoke came pouring around and over the Palmer House, many persons on Pearl street concluded the lively stables were on fire and an alarm was raised by hundreds of voices. An energetic idiot standing at the corner of Pearl and Meridian accepted the alarm as genuine, and nearly unjoined himself in trying to turn a signal from box 4-5. Fortunately for the Fire Department, his attempt was frustrated just in time to prevent a general alarm. The No. 10 hose reel company was also fooled by the smoke and noise, and they rushed out without waiting for the signal. Loss trifling.



# THE EVENING NEWS.

JOHN H. HOLLADAY, PROPRIETOR.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1872.

THE EVENING NEWS IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEEK-  
DAY AFTERNOON, AT FOUR O'CLOCK, AT THE OFFICE, SOUTH-  
EAST CORNER OF MERIDIAN AND CIRCLE STREETS.

PRICE: TWO CENTS.

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Subscribers served by mail, one copy one  
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One copy for three months, 3.75  
One copy for one year, 12.00

THE WEEKLY NEWS.  
Handsome eight column folio, published every  
Wednesday.  
Price, \$1.00 per year.  
Specimen copies sent free on application.

NO ADVERTISEMENTS INSERTED AT EDITORIAL RATE.

How any Liberal Republican can vote for General Tom Browne after he has denounced them as dishonest men, is something we can not understand.

We don't hear quite so much talk about all the rich men going for Grant as we did a while back. The rich men may own a majority of the dollars, but they don't own a majority of the votes in this country.

An equitable fee and salary law, honestly carried out, will save the taxpayers of Marion county seventy-five thousand dollars a year. That is an item worth thinking about. The Liberal candidates for the Legislature are pledged to vote for such a law.

The poor man who owns a little home and finds it hard work to pay heavy taxes on it, would sensibly feel a reduction of taxation to the amount of \$75,000 in this county. If county officers were paid what their services are worth, about that much could be saved to the taxpayers.

GEN. LEW. WALLACE has written a long letter in reference to General Grant's habits. He says he was perfectly sober during the battle of Shiloh. Doctors disagree in this as in many other cases. The Cincinnati Gazette and other leading Republican papers insisted at that time that he was drunk, and demanded his removal. The Gazette should now make the amende honorable.

BUSINESS men must be very careful whom they trust now. Their dearest friend or their nearest neighbor may betray and swindle them. There is a fearful large number of dishonest men in this community. We know this is so, for General Tom Browne, the Grantite candidate for Governor, says every man who votes for Greeley is dishonest, and Greeley will get a powerful lot of votes in this neck of woods.

This Republican party in this county two years ago fully pledged itself to a reform in the fees and salaries of the county officers, and to the one-term principle. How has it carried out its pledges? Two county officers have been nominated for re-election, and the members of the Legislature who voted for a fee and salary law, which should save the taxpayers of Marion county thousands of dollars every year, were slaughtered when they came into convention asking a renomination. Call you this sticking to your principles?

THE organs are diligently grinding out the tane that Greeley is losing ground remarkably fast, and has no earthly show for success now. We don't see that they relax any efforts to beat him. They are working harder than ever, and spending more money. There is not a ring in the country that is not doing all it can to defeat Mr. Greeley, and there is not a speculator who fattens on other men's hard labor who is not loudly blowing about the financial crisis we shall have if Grant is defeated. This is all stuff. We have raised too much wheat and corn in Indiana this year to fear a crisis, even if we should have no President.

We publish in another column an article from the Chicago Tribune in reference to the operations of the Credit Mobilier, an inside organization that built the Pacific railroad. It must be remembered that these astounding charges are not the loose utterances of political opponents, but developments made in a court of justice, which implicate members of both parties. If they be true it is a terrible revelation of the extent to which corruption has pervaded our national affairs. These charges have been widely published for two weeks, but as yet Speaker Blaine is the only man who has denied them, even evasively. If such men as Daves and Blaine and Wilson and Colfax can have accepted these bribes, whom can we trust? We sincerely hope the matter can be satisfactorily explained.

THE evils of the two term system are briefly alluded to in an editorial which we reproduce from the New York Tribune. The same state of things is visible in this county on a minor scale. A further evil in the system that rules our county offices is the fixing of the succession. A favorite deputy is put forward as a candidate, months perhaps years before the election takes place, and to ensure his election the whole power and influence of the office is used. It is true that this often secures an experienced officer, but it enables an officer to cover up his derelictions should there be any. Should he have violated his trust in any manner, or not to put too fine a point on it, should he have swindled the people, he is enabled by selecting and aiding his successor, to cover up his delinquencies, and it is possible in this manner to hide the most outrageous acts from the people for

years, long after there is any hope of remedying them. We do not know that this has been done or is being done. We hope not. But the possibility that it may be done is what we want to guard against.

We need in this county at least one thorough business man as County Commissioner. This is an office of great importance, and we do not believe it should always be turned over to the country as a sort of sop to Cerberus. The farmer, no matter how honest and intelligent he may be, is not always the man to be trusted with the expenditure of hundreds of thousands of dollars, the levying of taxes and other important work which is done by the County Commissioner. He is often too unsuspicious, too careless and too little accustomed to dealing with large affairs. A man of ripe business knowledge and extensive experience should always have a place on the Board, and it should be composed of men of different parties. It would be to the benefit of the tax-payers always to have one of the Commissioners selected from the party in the minority, in order to act as a check upon the Board and cause it to thoroughly examine matters before it ordered money to be spent.

## Mr. Greeley's Chances.

The organs, the stump speakers and the Grant partisans generally are greatly rejoiced over the elections in Vermont and Maine. We are really unable to see much cause for joy in their results, but have no fault to find with our opponents if they can. In both these States, particularly in the latter, money was spent like water, every influence was brought to bear, and the whole power of the Federal government was used to secure the success of the administration party. The Liberals and Democrats made a strong fight, but it was a hopeless one from the start. New England has been overwhelmingly Republican for years, the reform movement hardly reached that section, the people were not affected enough by it to be influenced, and the mere effort to reduce the majorities in States that could not be carried under the circumstances was a game we do not consider worth the candle. It is in the West and South that Mr. Greeley must look for his main vote if he is to be elected, and this opinion we find carried out in a speech by Colonel C. H. Grosvenor, of Missouri, in Ohio before yesterday, from which we make the following extract, analyzing the situation:

"But, let me say frankly, that Maine is not a test of the character of the Liberal movement. The movement began in the Northwest, and had for its main object reforms peculiarly needful to the welfare of the Western people. They are injured by the prostration of industry in Southern States, which prolonged misrule and the plundering by systems of finance and taxation designed and maintained for the benefit of Eastern capitalists. Above all, they are keenly alive to the dangers of imperialism, personal government, and centralization of power. We began the Liberal movement relying upon two large bodies of voters—the German Republicans and the revenue tariff Republicans. The power of these elements in the North-western States we knew. That they were not strong in the Eastern States we also knew, and therefore I strongly opposed making any such contest in Maine; that the result would be regarded as a test of our strength. With what hope of success can we appeal to Eastern bondholders against a financial policy which enriches them; or to Eastern monopolists against a system of taxation which plunders the West for their benefit? That the tariff reformers of the Northwest are united in supporting the Liberal movement, those can testify who best know its strength. That the German Republicans are moving almost unanimously to the support of Mr. Greeley, such meetings prove as have gathered to hear Carl Schurz in Bloomington, and Chicago, in many towns in Illinois and Ohio, and especially on Tuesday night in Cincinnati. In Maine, then, the Administration has not met the main body of the Liberal forces. It has found only a few unorganized and straggling recruits, and shows over its easy victory as if it were a sign of like results when it meets the concentrated, organized and resolute Liberal forces of the Northwest. The German Republican force alone holds the balance of power in six States of the West—in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin and Nebraska. What trace of this force was seen or expected in Vermont or Maine? To ascertain the real strength of the German vote, we must divide the population of German nativity by the ordinary ratio of population to voters. Most of the foreign immigrants are adults; their children born in this country are included in census returns as natives of the United States. One-half of our whole population is less than ten years of age; at least one-third of all persons of German parentage and speech are children born of German parents. The true ratio of voters to persons of German nativity is, therefore, fully one to four; in my own State, where the number is closely known, it is even larger. Allowing one voter to four persons of German nativity, as given in the census returns of 1870, we have for the Northwestern States the following number of German voters, which please contrast with the Republican majorities at the latest contested elections in the several States:

German voters.	Majorities Year.
Ohio.....	17,382
Illinois.....	19,315
Michigan.....	50,929
Wisconsin.....	16,095
Nebraska.....	40,572
Minnesota.....	2,728
Missouri.....	10,341
Indiana.....	35,404
1872.....	17,382
1870.....	9,571
1868.....	9,150
1866.....	16,095
1864.....	24,150
1862.....	2,497
1860.....	14,988
1858.....	18,711
1856.....	25,883

"Not all of those voters of German parentage or speech have been Republicans, but the great majority of them have, as is well known. Remember, also, that such a powerful body of voters sweeps with it in every State a large number of men not of German parentage, but yet associated in sympathy and political action with it. In Missouri, with twenty-five thousand majority to overcome the Liberal movement, in which the Germans formed the main body, after a contest of only six weeks, carried the State in 1870 by forty-one thousand majority. What is to be expected, counting the influence of this element alone, in the Northwestern States? In Maine it did not exist. We could expect from that State only evidence that the Liberal movement had among others, even in an Eastern State, some strength, and that proof we have. The stragglers and unorganized recruits, assailed by the concentrated power of the party and the Administration in an Eastern State, have never only resisted, but indicated a loss, large enough of itself, if continued elsewhere, to decide the battle.

"Add to three per cent. gained in Maine and Vermont, the mighty host of German Republicans and reformers of the Northwest, and what hope can any friend of Grant find in the Liberal movement? It rests with this compact and well organized body of voters in the Northwestern States to turn the scale. I think they will not vote for the system of finance and taxation by which they have been wronged so long. The German Republicans, taught by early experience in despotism, centralization and personal government, will not be divided. Let the voice of the Northwest be heard in October, and jubilant Grant men, then meeting the main body of the Liberal army, shall learn for the first time what its force really is."

Two old and fat citizens of Richmond, Virginia, recently got into a fight, but their corpulence prevented either from reaching the other.

## POLITICAL NOTES.

Ex-Governor Charles Robinson, of Kansas, presided at the Liberal Convention in Topeka.

Henry W. Longfellow was elected a delegate from Cambridge to the Massachusetts Liberal Republican State Convention. Official reports from all the counties in West Virginia, except one (McDowell), give 3,520 majority for the new Constitution, and 2,691 majority for Governor Jacob.

Henry Reed says Judge Louis Dent is now his property. What will Reed take for this chattel? We want to give him back to his bereaved brother-in-law.—[Cincinnati Commercial.]

The Boston Courier thinks Mr. Wilson's declaration that Yankees are capable of doing meaner things than anyone else, "a remarkable utterance from a Yankee-born man to Yankee-born auditors."

A report is in circulation in the interior of New York that Mr. Greeley is in favor of introducing smallpox into the public schools; also, that he was a Confederate general during the war, and surrendered to Grant at Appomattox.—[Chicago Times.]

We do not remember that Gen. Butler has, thus far, explained his peculiar views about the payment of the debt, since the beginning of the present canvass. Senators Morton and Sherman are equally reticent on this interesting topic.—[Springfield Rep.]

The World protests against the injustice of regarding Mr. Kernan as a "second choice." By its showing he is a man not only of impeccable probity but of the most brilliant abilities; is vastly popular wherever he is known; and has a pleasing habit of running ahead of his ticket.

A State Convention of New York "temperance men and Christians who can not consistently vote for Grant or Greeley" has been called to meet at Syracuse, September 24, "for the purpose of nominating electors to vote for James Black, of Pennsylvania, for President, and John Russell, of Michigan, for Vice President." They will not be allowed to decline.

## The First Parting.

BY MARION DOUGLASS.

"Yes! I am off to-morrow morn!  
Next week I'll be home, I'll be home—  
And you'll be glad when I am gone—  
Say, shan't you be, Lucy?"

A summer flower, herself, the maid  
Stood 'mid the sweet springing,  
A pink in her hair's smooth braid,  
A roselike in her fingers.

Plucked from the tall bush in the yard,  
When the white roses were above her;  
And parting never seemed so hard  
As just then, to her lover.

Her lips began to quiver; the red  
Upon her cheek grew paler;  
"It seems a strange choice, Tom," she said,  
"For you to be a sailor!"

"And when the wild, black clouds I see,  
For garden beds and posies,  
"Bless your soul, you'll pray for me,  
I know you will, Lucy!"

The roselike from her hand he took,  
"This flower," he said, "I'll save it,  
And keep it pressed within a book,  
Remembering who gave it."

"I never cared, as women do,  
For garden beds and posies,  
But somehow—why, I never knew—  
I always loved white roses."

"They seem just made for wedding's; when  
I come again from Indy,  
My bride, you'll wear white roses then?  
Come, won't you say, Lucy?"

A sudden flame upon her cheek,  
Her eyes the quick tears shined;  
The answer gave she would not speak,  
Lest she might seem too willing.

For, "Tom," she asked, "how can it be?  
Here, all my life you've known me;  
No word of love you've said to me,  
No sign you've ever shown me."

And he said, "True, but though I hain't,  
My love, I've wished you knew it,  
And tried to speak, and felt too faint  
At heart to do so; do it!"

"But when my mind was fixed to go  
A sailor, out to Indy,  
I said, 'I'll have a Yes or No,  
O say it yes, Lucy!'"

"Yes, Tom; it's yes," she whispered; when  
He turned to her and smiled;  
I found you were going, and I then  
"Twas yours without my knowing!"

Soft on her cheek fell, wet with dew,  
A rose-leaf from above her;  
A warmer touch her heart fell knew—  
The first kiss of her lover!

Though stifled the song and hushed the laugh,  
And hot the tears were starting;  
Who joy, that life can give, all that  
So sweet as love's first parting!

[Atlantic Monthly for October.

## "SCRAPS."

Huntsville, Alabama, has an eight-months-old calf that gives milk.

Lester Wallace attributes to his yacht his younger and fresher looks.

Table salt between two pieces of linen moistened with ammonia will cure a spider bite.

A two-year-old child at Jacksonville, Illinois, learns a song by hearing it sung a few times.

The new pianist is named Finkenstead, and she is said to be quite young and very pretty.

News comes from abroad that Bulwer Lytton is becoming quite infirm and aged in appearance.

"Surrounded, then impounded, and finally drowned," is the fate of unlabeled Norfolk, Virginia, dogs.

It is said that more liquor is imported at Montreal, Canada, than at any other city on the continent.

A planter in Calhoun county, Georgia, counted over six hundred caterpillars on one stalk of cotton.

There is a field of African sugar cane in Stewart county, Georgia, averaging nearly twelve feet in height.

Davenport would never have a disturbance if Rock Island would keep her roughs at home, and, unfortunately, vice versa.

A grand tournament is to be one of the features of the approaching fair in Dalton, Georgia, if the fool-killer does not interfere.

The Italian journals announce the death, at Pienza, her native city, of Benedetti Pisaroni, aged 79, a celebrated singer of for many days.

Two old and fat citizens of Richmond, Virginia, recently got into a fight, but their corpulence prevented either from reaching the other.

The chief signal officer at Washington is engaged in perfecting an apparatus by which the appearance and forms of the clouds at sunset may be recorded.

San Francisco papers state that the vintage of 1871 is the best ever produced by the State, and that the one of the present, year probably excel even that.

To end a dispute by tossing an antagonist from the window is a Boston notion. Helen Daley was the latest recorded victim, and the man who did it is unknown.

One of the bathers at Boontown, New Jersey, broke his big toe while in the water, but said nothing about it, and in a few days mortification set in and killed him.

A deacon in Davenport denounces the street sprinkler as an ungodly and sacrilegious device, and says if it is too dusty the citizens ought to combine and pray for rain.

Peter Harrigan, engaged to be married, at a Catholic Church in Washington, last Sunday evening, failed to appear, having forgotten the happy day set. He was married next night, however.

The Princess Salm-Salm has received from the Empress of Germany a magnificent Testament, valued at \$1,000. A copy of the Psalm-Psalms of David would have been a more appropriate present.—[N. Y. World.]

Daniel Gleason, of North Adams, Mass., who murdered his wife last winter and pleaded guilty at the last session of the court, was brought before the Supreme Court at Pittsfield, on the 12th, and sentenced to be hung.

Small-Talk, of the Louisville Courier-Journal is anguished that Dr. Schoppa was not first hanged and then acquitted. It would have been such a frightful example to hangers. The Doctor does not share this agony.

Henry W. Koor, the famous Dutch violinist, will visit America during next year. Endeavors are already made now everywhere to make arrangements for concerts with this violinist, who plays, according to the reports of the newspapers, in an incredible manner.

The mosquitoes will not bite the lily white hands of two St. Jo. young ladies until they remove the bandages consequent upon their latest hunting excursion after these pests with a coal oil lamp. The bill for night robes and bed curtains was a mere trifle to what the expense of a new house might have been.

The Louisville True Democrat relates as a sad coincidence the fact that three young men of that city, Lewis Johnson, George Webster and George Griswold—the latter of whom was buried on Friday—were warm friends and schoolmates, spent their boyhood days together, loved each other as brothers, attended the same Sunday school, were exemplary young men, an honor to themselves and relatives, and each died a violent death. The moral is obvious. Don't do any of these things.

A couple of Galveston, Texas, young men went out bathing, had a fine time, got ready to put on their clothes, and found them missing. They wended their way through the streets of the town, avoiding all the gas lamps, and as they approached their boarding house they were dumbfounded to find all the lady boarders sitting upon the porch by which they would have to pass to gain their rooms. They sought an adjoining lot, where they remained until all had retired, during which time they were literally "chawed up" by mosquitoes.

The Tambril Italian Opera Troupe, which will appear in this country next spring, comprises the following artists: Soprano, Mme. Blume, Mme. Bulli, Paolo and Mile. Baillan; contraltos, Mme. Natali Testa and Mile. Bracciolini; tenors, Enrico Tambril, Ronconi, Ruggieri and Testa; baritone, Signor Perelli, Mari and Bartolini; bassi, Rossi, Galli, Ricciardi and others. The season begins at Tacon Theater, Havana, on the 15th of October, and the troupe will afterwards visit New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Chicago, Louisville, St. Louis and New Orleans.

## THE CREDIT MOBILIER.

The Gigantic Ring that Built the Pacific Road—The Congressmen Who Were Bribed By It.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

In 1864, Congress chartered the Union Pacific Railroad Company. A few of the persons who had obtained control of that company purchased the charter of a corporation created by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, and organized a company known as the "Credit Mobilier of America." Mr. Oakes Ames, John B. Alley, H. S. McComb, and others became stockholders of the corporation known as the Credit Mobilier; and as the executive managers of the Union Pacific Railroad, they contracted with themselves, as the other corporation, to build the road. Congress had voted the Railroad Company a subsidy of \$16,000 a mile for the eastern plains, \$48,000 a mile upon the mountains, and \$32,000 a mile upon the western plains. They were also authorized to issue first-mortgage bonds to an equal amount. The whole length of the road is 1,032 miles, for building which the Credit Mobilier received from the Railroad Company:

United States 6 per cent. bonds.....	\$7,900,000
U. P. R. first mortgage bonds.....	7,000,000
Receipts of the road from 1866 to 1869.....	(estimated) 3,000,000
Total.....	\$7,900,000

This sum, Mr. Ames and his associates in the U. P. R. voted to Mr. Ames and his associates in the Credit Mobilier, for building the road. The actual cost of the road was \$25,000 per mile, or something less than that as the other corporation, to build the road, Congress had voted the Railroad Company a subsidy of \$16,000 a mile for the eastern plains, \$48,000 a mile upon the mountains, and \$32,000 a mile upon the western plains. They were also authorized to issue first-mortgage bonds to an equal amount. The whole length of the road is 1,032 miles, for building which the Credit Mobilier received from the Railroad Company:

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Receipts of the road from 1866 to 1869.....	(estimated) 3,000,000
Total.....	\$7,900,000

From the evidence it appears that the Credit Mobilier paid out, from April 19, 1868, to April 1, 1867, as dividends, 270 per cent. stock of the Union Pacific Railroad Company. From January 4, 1868, to December 19, 1868, the dividends were as follows: 508 per cent. in stock of the Union Pacific Railroad, 230 per cent. in first-mortgage bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad, 85 per cent. in cash. 17 per cent. in stock of the Credit Mobilier. When the dividend in stock of the Credit Mobilier was issued, at the beginning of

1868, Mr. McComb demanded the Pant stock and its increase. Mr. Oakes Ames informed the Company that it was necessary to place some of the stock with certain parties, in order to help the road, and finally it was agreed that, without prejudice to Mr. McComb's stock, 247 shares of the Credit Mobilier stock (par value \$100 each, but worth \$600), was assigned to him, as Trustee, to "hold safe." In the distribution of these shares, there was considerable discussion among the managers, and much correspondence. Ames had a list of names, which were discussed, and finally he furnished a list of those shares actually placed, and suggested how he intended to dispose of the others. This list, thus furnished by Ames, was as follows:

BLAINE, of Maine.....	3,000
PATTON, of New Hampshire.....	3,000
WILSON, of Massachusetts.....	2,000
S. COLP, of New York.....	2,000
SCOTT and KELLEY, of Pennsylvania.....	2,000 each
ELIOT, of Massachusetts.....	2,000
DAVIS, of Massachusetts.....	2,000
POWELL, of Tennessee.....	2,000
BOUTWELL, of Massachusetts.....	2,000
BINGHAM and GARFIELD, of Ohio.....	2,000 each

In Ames' letter to McComb, which will be found in another column, he states: "I have said this where it will produce most good to us, I think." In the other letter he says: "I have assigned, as far as I have gone, four from Massachusetts; one from New Hampshire; one, Delaware; one, Tennessee; one, Ohio; two, Pennsylvania; one, Indiana; one, Maine; and I have three to place." This confirms the list, except that later he had to give the Ohio members one each, and gave one to elder Bayard, of Delaware, who left the Senate in 1869.

It appears from the evidence that, at the time of this present, the accrued dividends amounted to several hundred per cent. of the par value of the stock. From these dividends was deducted the par value, and these several Senators and Representatives received the stock not only for nothing, but with a large surplus of accrued dividends. This was in January 1868, and if the dealer will consult the table of dividends made during 1868, he can understand the profits received by each, in a single year from their stock. That there may be no mistake on this point, nor upon the reasons for distribution, we give the following from the same testimony:

Q. What distribution of it was made by Mr. Ames? A. He gave it to members of Congress, Senators and Representatives.

Q. What was paid into the Credit Mobilier for that stock which Mr. Ames distributed to the members of Congress? A. This stock, which Mr. Ames took as trustee had paid to it all the dividends of the Company from the date of the organization of the Company down to the time when that stock was delivered to him, and none of these proceeds, amounting to several hundred per cent. in par value were paid in. The par value only was paid in.

Q. Do you mean by giving, that these shares were gifts in the nature of presents? A. I do.

Q. You understand, then, Mr. Ames to mean that these shares were to be presented without value paid to members of Congress? A. I understand from Mr. Oakes Ames that they were substantially a gift, the parties to whom the stock was said to be appropriated receiving through him as their trustee more than sufficient available assets as dividends to pay for the same, and that he, out of their value to the treasury the par value of the stock.

Q. Do you mean to say that these persons had not previously agreed to subscribe for the stock as others had done? A. I had no information on that point.

Q. Did you understand Mr. Ames to mean that the persons were not to receive these shares as subscribers or persons who had agreed to subscribe? A. I understood no such thing.

Q. Did you understand from Mr. Ames what was the motive for allowing these persons to take this stock at par when it was so valuable in part of the dividends sufficient to pay the par value? A. The motive I understood, was to secure the influence and support in Congress of the men to whom the stock was given.

Q. Influence and support for what? A. For anything affecting the Union Pacific Railroad, company in Congress.

Ames' letter, dated at Washington, he states that he favored another increase of the capital stock of the "Credit Mobilier," and the distribution of the new issue "where it will protect us." The additional "increase of 50 per cent. on the old stock I want for dividends here, and soon." At the time this distribution was made, Mr. Ames was a member of the Committee on the Pacific Railroad in the Senate, giving him stock which, with its profits, was worth \$200,000. Mr. Ames declared was placing it where "it will do the most good to us." For the same reason he tells us that he placed \$20,000 in the hands of Boutwell, \$20,000 to Daves, \$20,000 to Bingham, and \$20,000 to Garfield, etc.

Speaker Blaine's denial of the charge, as regards himself, is as follows:

To the Editor of the Kennebec Journal:

The sensational story in the Boston Herald of yesterday, in regard to my ownership in the Credit Mobilier of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, in connection with Secretary Boutwell, Senator Wilson, and Messrs. Daves, Bingham, Garfield and others of the House of Representatives, is a mere campaign canard, utterly baseless and groundless. I never owned a dollar in the company, my name, either directly or indirectly, through myself or through another, I do not in this instance from my usual practice of suffering campaign slanders to pass without notice, because this particular falsehood is circumstantially narrated, and is, I understand, to be widely distributed over the Third District in order to influence to vote on Monday next.

James G. BLAINE.

Supposing that Mr. Blaine's denial is broad enough to cover the real point and gravamen of the charge, to-wit: that he never received any money, bonds, or other valuable consideration from the Credit Mobilier, or the Union Pacific Railroad Company, it becomes important to know whether Ames lied when he showed the list to McComb. Ames' second letter to McComb, Ames said "most of the purchasers here are poor, and want their bonds to sell to enable them to meet their payment on the stock of the C. M." I think we had better give them the bonds. It will not amount to anything to us."

## Electioneering in Georgia.

The Rome (Ga.) Commercial tells a good story on Dr. Powers, one of the candidates for sheriff of that county, to the effect that Powers lately stopped to talk with a man who, with his two daughters, was pulling fodder in a field on the roadside. The man wouldn't stop pulling fodder, and the doctor, in order to keep alongside of him, commenced pulling the fodder. In the row he was walking in. When he had got settled down to it, the farmer says: "Excuse me a minute, while I step over to the house—you just knock along with the girls here," and he left. At this the girls just made the fodder fly, going down the rows in double-quick. The doctor naturally went in, hand over hand, shook his coat, and did his level best. He panted, he sweated, and yet he shoved along under the broiling sun while the farmer was on his piazza with his pipe lit; taking it cool, and laughing in his sleeves. In about an hour he went out to the field and released the doctor. They say the doctor never lifted "sherrif" to him, but jerked up his coat and left; and now he don't go in fodder fields for votes—he dodges 'em.

Religious fanaticism runs high in Germany. A woman in Liege murdered her five children to make angels of them. A servant girl tried to poison the whole family of her master. An Italian lawyer, Claudius Thoma, Thoma sets up for a second Peter the Hermit, and is preparing a crusade against the enemies of the church.

## MONEY IN POLITICS.

The Advantages of the One Term Principle.

[From the New York Tribune.]

All the money ever spent in former Presidential elections did not equal in amount the sums now poured out to re-elect President Grant. "We shall beat you, for we have got the money to do it with," is a standing boast of the workers on that side. That all the wealth of the country is on their side, is continually, though untruly, vaunted in leading Grant's journals. Acting on the assumption that "every man has his price," the managers of Grant's canvass are arranging to buy their way through. They have assessed the sixty thousand Federal office-holders an average of \$40 each, making a total of \$2,400,000, and they hold that nothing can stand against their car loads of money.

The great railroad "Ring," which have been enriched by Federal subsidies and land grants are all bleeding and sweating in Grant interest. One of them carried Oregon Grant last June with an eye to the return of his Attorney General to the United States Senate. Two other such "came down" hand-somely in aid of the Grant ticket in the late North Carolina election. The engineers of the "Credit Mobilier" are of course subservient to keep their donors' canvass from public scrutiny by keeping their friends in power. Thus the money covertly taken from the people is and will be employed to stave off investigation into the painful inquiries of the past, and so pave the way for their facile repetition in the future. But why should wealthy citizens aid the two-term managers with money? They have already pounds to disburse on their side to pence on ours; the office-holders dare not resist their exactions, and these supply them beyond any legitimate outlay. Why should not this suffice them?

The one term principle is strikingly vindicated by every day's experience. Four years ago the President in office was not a candidate for re-election, and the Federal office-holders were as free to obey their consciences as other citizens. They were induced to help elect Grant or Seymour, or they subscribed to help elect neither, as they severally chose. Now they must contribute to the Grant canvass or they are bound to lose their places. And this refutes the sophistical assertion that office holders will be taxed whether presidents are or not candidates for re-election.

The Liberals are trying to bring the whole American people once more into fraternal and kindly relations. They hold it high time that proscription and denunciation, hatred and bitterness, because of a civil war that ended seven or eight years ago, should absolutely cease. It is the interest of every business man, every property holder, every one who lives by honest industry,



## INDIANAPOLIS SAVINGS BANK

No. 12 N. Meridian st., "Yonah's Block."  
(Established Nov. 6, 1871.)  
224 New Depositors since June 30, 1972.  
Organized expressly to accommodate the laboring people. The only bank in the city that keeps open Monday and Saturday nights till 8 o'clock.  
Dividends, declared and surplus fund reserved in strict accordance with law. Only one salary officer. Trustees serve without pay.  
WM. N. JACKSON, President.  
JOHN W. RAY, Treasurer.

## STATE SAVINGS BANK

No. 31 South Meridian St.,  
IN THE MERIDIAN NAT. BANK, CONDIT'S B'K.,  
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.  
Paid dividend of TEN PER CENT. per annum, July 1st.  
SPECIAL FUND equal to the dividend, and held for the benefit of present and future depositors.  
All profits over expenses guaranteed to depositors.  
Deposits made by the 10th of January, April, July and October share in succeeding dividends made semi-annually, January and July 1st.  
Trustees are of the principal business men of the city. No salaried officers, except the Treasurer.  
CHARLES MAYER, President.  
JAMES M. RAY, Secretary and Treasurer.

## GREELEY AND BROWN

Gift and Silver Cords, Gift and Silver Braids, Gift and Silver Laces, Gift and Silver Stars and Spangles, Gift and Silver Fringes,  
CAN BE FOUND ONLY AT  
M. H. SPADES,  
Indiana Store.

## THE EVENING NEWS.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1872.

## THE CITY.

### MINOR MENTION.

A juvenile thief named James Shea is again in custody.

The Variety Works building is to be turned into a foundry.

John Truesdale was yesterday adjudged not guilty of gambling.

The Knights of Pythias cleared \$226 95 by their Greenback excursion.

The admission of Conrad Drescher to bail will be determined on Monday.

The county balliffs have held an indignation meeting over that ice business.

The Indiana School Journal for September is a sterling number, and in its management Prof. Bell has found his element.

The pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church has turned author, having written a tract entitled "What to do for Jesus."

The contents of that Noblesville stomach have been exhausted by Drs. Tomlinson and Stevens, and no trace of poison found.

Fletcher Shaw, living near Pendleton, while returning from the city last evening, was thrown from his wagon and dangerously injured about the head.

A large and enthusiastic meeting was held last night at the corner of Meridian and McCarty streets, which was addressed by Hon. C. F. McNutt and J. W. Nichol, Esq.

H. H. Giffin, a Washington street druggist, received a broken ankle yesterday afternoon, consequent upon being thrown from a buggy during a runaway. His little son, riding with him at the time, escaped without injury.

The patrons of two of our merchant policemen have determined to buy their new uniforms, and subscriptions have been taken up for that purpose. Both these gentlemen are worthy men, and deserving the assistance from their employers.

The infant son of Chris. Fehr, living on Tinker street, near Illinois, fell into a will-barel in his father's door-yard, yesterday afternoon, and was suffocated. He was first misused about three o'clock, and not found for some time afterwards.

The "Independent Grant Guards" have adopted a resolution that "no member shall, while on duty, drink any spirituous liquor, or enter any drinking saloon; and if found guilty of violation of this rule, shall, for the first offense, make public acknowledgment before the next business meeting; for the second offense, be dismissed from the organization." Their conduct at Acton and their attack upon the Bartholomew county official necessitated some stringent rule, and it remains to be seen whether this is enforced or not.

## Weather Bulletin.

[NATIONAL SERVICE UNITED STATES ARMY.]  
INDIANAPOLIS, September 14, 1872—7 A. M.

Chicago, Ill., 82, foggy.  
Cincinnati, Ohio, 80, N. E. foggy.  
New York, 78, N. E. foggy.  
Boston, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Philadelphia, 75, N. E. foggy.  
St. Louis, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Portland, 75, N. E. foggy.  
San Francisco, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Albany, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Savannah, 75, N. E. foggy.  
New Orleans, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Mobile, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Jacksonville, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Tallahassee, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Panama, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Colon, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Santo Domingo, 75, N. E. foggy.  
San Pedro de Macoris, 75, N. E. foggy.  
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Santiago, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Havana, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Pinar del Rio, 75, N. E. foggy.  
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Camaguey, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Sagua la Grande, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Manzanillo, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Veracruz, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Tampico, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Puebla, 75, N. E. foggy.  
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Pinar del Rio, 75, N. E. foggy.  
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Orizaba, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Mexico, 75, N. E. foggy.

Chicago, Ill., 82, foggy.  
Cincinnati, Ohio, 80, N. E. foggy.  
New York, 78, N. E. foggy.  
Boston, 75, N. E. foggy.  
Philadelphia, 75, N. E. foggy.  
St. Louis, 75, N. E. foggy.  
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Boston, 75, N.



## DRESS GOODS.

We invite attention to our stock of Dress Goods, now opening for Autumn sales. Many new goods in other departments.

N. R. SMITH & AYRES,  
Trade Palace.

## BOSTON STORE.

We are closing out our Summer stock. Bargains to be had. We are also daily receiving New Goods in every department, and offer inducements in Bleached and Brown Muslins, purchased since the late decline.

In the Cloth and Casimere Department, Mr. JENNISON CUTS WITHOUT CHARGE all goods purchased of him.

MRS. NEWCOMB, from the East, an ARTISTIC DRESS MAKER AND PATTERN CUTTER, has charge of this department.

W. C. TARKINGTON.

## HOME-MADE

Casimere,  
Cloths,  
Tweed,  
Jeans,  
Flannels,  
Blankets,  
Yarns, etc.,

RETAILED AT WHOLESALE PRICES AT

Merritt & Coughlin's

WOOLEN FACTORY,

West End of Washington Street.

## THE EVENING NEWS.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1872.

1 P. M. Barometer, 30.253 | Thermometer, 70°

### THE CITY.

OFFICER BOLEN is recovering.

The Street Commissioner's pay roll this week foots up \$667 87.

Work of laying the Illinois street pavement has commenced. Hurrah.

McGILLIARD & Brown yesterday realized \$1,960 as premiums on fire policies.

CATHART & CLELAND have Harpers' and Frank Leslie's for the current week.

HEATH AND HOME and Harper's, for this week, have been received at the City Book Store.

The expenses of jurors in the Superior Court for the week ending September 14, were \$112 50.

JAMES SHEA, the juvenile thief, was discharged from custody, he being too young to punish by law.

R. R. PARKER and force labored till one o'clock last night, removing his stock from No. 30, to his new establishment.

The Third Ward Greeley and Brown Club have arranged for a campaign ball at Washington Hall, on Wednesday, the 18th.

Some insane poet in the Mirror of to-day calls upon Scotchmen to awake and "revenge the poor, murdered Crowe." The whole dribble is unwise and silly.

A STATEMENT of the Liverpool, London and Globe Insurance Company filed with the County Clerk to-day shows assets, \$3,555,216 33; liabilities, \$2,158,617 12.

The Mayor to-day dismissed the charge of wife whipping against Patrick Kelly, it being clearly demonstrated that he had not been guilty of so heinous an offense.

LEWIS TOON, of Franklin township, has sent to this office a peach of the Red Beauty variety, eleven inches in circumference and weighing three quarters of a pound.

WIGGINS & Tousey have commenced work upon their new warehouse on South Pennsylvania street. The building will be 80x20, three stories, including basement 16 feet in height.

The Journal has a special dispatch from Knox, Stark county, this morning, dated the 13th. There is not a telegraph station within ten miles of Knox. Did the Journal make its special.

The Radical County Central Committee this forenoon nominated Rudolph Schmidt and John Simpson for Justices of the Peace, to fill the positions heretofore occupied by Bogges and Dietrichs.

COMPANY A of the Young Men's Greeley Club of the Ninth Ward have elected Charles Schoppenhorst, Captain; Henry Thorne, Marshal; George Schroer, First Lieutenant, and Henry Marshall, Second Lieutenant.

### Dear Fan.

Yesterday Robert Cassidy was arrested on South Illinois street, by Officer Stevens, for drunk and disorderly, and on the way to the station house, resisted the officer to such an extent that assistance had to be called for. The Mayor this forenoon assessed Robert about \$75 for his festive conduct.

### Personal.

Isaac Davis returned from New York this morning, from his semi-annual hat tour, and placed us under obligations for late papers. Isaac is dabbling in horticulture with success, a pining seedling peach tree which he took pity on and nurtured, having developed into a thrifty tree, bearing uncommonly good fruit.

### Kidnapper Arrested.

NAN ELLIOTT, the colored woman, who attempted to kidnap a little girl some days ago, was lodged in the station house this forenoon by Officer Shea. Ever since that outrage, of which mention was made at the time in The News, Officers Thomas and Mitchell have spent many anxious hours hunting for her, and now they propose to prosecute to the full extent of the law.

WILLIAM HARRIS, of Baltimore, has addressed a letter to Mayor Macanley, stating that while employed as clerk in the New York Sub-treasury in 1866, he discovered how to detect highway robbers. The lunatic has no suggestions beyond the mere mention of this fact.

Two Grants have been for days announcing a basket picnic at Worman's Grove in Wayne township on yesterday, which was to be something extraordinary, General Ben. Harrison and others speaking. The meeting came of yesterday and was slimly attended and instead of the great guns Gen. W. J. Elliott did the speechifying.

### THE COURT.

SUPERIOR—Room No. 1.—Judge Newcomb. 1796. Thomas V. Cook vs. D. S. Cleveland. Partition ordered and Jacob F. Dunn, Jesse Jones and Charles Eden appointed Commissioners. 1796. Mary A. Staley vs. James E. Robertson et al. Replevin. Finding and judgment for plaintiff. 2184. Elizabeth Fraser vs. George Fraser. Divorce decreed to plaintiff.

COMMON PLEAS.—Judge Howland. 2048. J. H. Ewick et al. vs. James L. Elliott. On account. On trial by Court.

22 John D. James vs. Simon S. Wiseman's estate. Dismissed by plaintiff at his cost.

22 Almond Thomas and wife, charged with keeping a house of ill-fame near the Seven Wheel Works, fined \$50 and costs each. An appeal was taken.

Sarah Morris, Mollie Green, Fannie Johnson, Emma White and Ella Rose, occupants, were fined in amounts averaging \$11 40. All paid but the last mentioned.

Drunk and Disorderly.—A. Clark, Wm. Burns, Hiram Coffey and Jacob Beier.

Henry Millan, vagrant, was committed for \$50. Frank Jones and William Thomas, visiting house of ill-fame, were committed in default of \$11 40 each, on a plea of guilty.

The fifth on-sidewalk charge against Jacob Bower was dismissed.

Thomas Williams, a supposed drunk and disorderly, was discharged from custody.

Maria Grove was acquitted on a charge of keeping a house of ill-fame, but was held for Wednesday next on a warrant for selling liquor without license.

James O'Neal, Levi Israel and John Meier were acquitted of visiting a house of ill-fame for improper business.

John Richardson, son of Mrs. Thomas, was fined \$12 40 for "occupying a house of ill-fame."

Patrick Kelly was acquitted of the charge of whipping his wife.

Robert Cassidy, drunk and disorderly and resisting an officer, was fined \$10 and costs in the first and \$50 and costs in the second.

### Transfers of Real Estate.

The following transfers were filed for record since our last report:

John Wheatley to W. E. Paul, lot 28 in Crane's add. \$3000.

Same to same, lots 1 and 2 Master's sub of Drake's add. \$600.

John Voris to G. H. Carter, part of n. q. sec 15, t. 16, r. 3, \$1,357.

G. W. House to J. A. C. McCoy, lot 43 Ingram Place add. \$750.

J. H. Kennedy to Anna E. K. Reval, lot 6, square 29, city, \$4,500.

Indianaapolis Co. to H. F. Quinlan, lot 16, square 4, City Co.'s add. \$1,000.

S. Delzell to Aug. Walsh, part of lot 6, outlot 157, \$10.

Ben. Hawkins to R. C. Losey, lot 59, I. Fletcher's 2d add. \$500.

J. C. Ross to David Quinn, lot 2, Hoss's sub of lots 30 and 31, P. & L. R. Co.'s sub of o. q. sec 26, t. 15, r. 3, \$7,000.

Charles F. Saylers to H. Schierling, lot 30, Fletcher's sub. \$750.

John S. Spenn et al. to John K. Weyer, lots 100, 102, 104, 106 and 222, Spenn & Co.'s sub, \$3,300.

John H. Kaufman to C. F. Hahn, pt. of 15, sq. 4, Fletcher's add. \$10,250.

H. E. Curtis to W. W. Woolen, jr., pt. of 1 in 69 in O. Butler's add. \$2,500.

E. F. Ritter to C. Fumas, 1/9 of Ritter's sub, \$2,500.

Total, 15; consideration, \$35,737.

### Building Permits.

The following is a list of the permits issued since last report by the City Clerk:

M. M. Paddock, frame house, Meridian between Hanway and H. St. \$1,500.

Henry Dipple, frame dwelling, near German Orphan Asylum, \$300.

C. P. Clemen, brick stable, Meridian north of Tinker, \$500.

M. Montefelt, frame dwelling, corner Orange and Laurel, \$1,200.

James C. Yohn, frame dwelling, Western avenue, between Christian and Butler, \$4,500.

N. Hume, remodel frame dwelling, Broadway, between Butler and Howe avenues, \$400.

Katherine Hopfraw, brick dwelling, Pearl, between East and Liberty, \$700.

J. P. Branderger, repairs to frame dwelling, New York between Noble and Liberty, \$300.

## REMOVAL.

We have now moved into our NEW STORE ROOM, NO. 32, next door to old stand. Our customers will find it light, bright and cheerful, and although not as yet finished or arranged to our entire satisfaction, still we are in better shape for business than ever before.

R. R. PARKER,  
Men's Furnishing Goods, 32, formerly 30, West Washington street.

Music Lessons.  
Miss Emma Lansford, graduate of the St. Mary's Institute, South Bend, will receive applications for voice or piano pupils at Benham Bros., to whom she respectfully refers. Any one desiring the services of a first class teacher.

Grand Opening.  
J. W. Reilly has returned from his Eastern trip and is now the first of all the milliners to open out fall styles of millinery. The ladies, by calling at 63 North Illinois street, see what is the prevailing styles for the present season in hats, bonnets, flowers, ribbons, and hat and bonnet trimmings generally. Prices here are such as will be an inducement to purchase.

The Third Ward Greeley and Brown Club are requested to meet this evening at the corner of Mississippi and First streets, at 7 o'clock sharp, with uniforms and torches to attend the pole raising in the Eighth Ward. Those who have not uniforms can get them this evening. Every member is expected to be present. By order CAPT. ANDERSON.

Few were born so lucky as not to need some of J. W. Adams's goods, unless they go barefooted, or pay higher prices for the same styles of boots and shoes elsewhere. 49 and 53 West Washington street is the place.

A real gem of an establishment is the Corner Drug Store. The goods are all fresh, and their stock well selected, and they are prepared to do well by their patrons. The double arctic soda water, as dispensed here, is the best in the city.

Remember the Junction Railroad train at 3:45 A. M. leaves Sunday. Tickets, \$4 00 round trip. Tickets good to return until October 10.

The Fifth Ward Independent Greeley Guards will meet on Monday evening at 7 1/2 o'clock, prompt, at the State House. Members will come with uniforms and torches. By order. P. CARSON, Captain.

Remember the Junction railroad has a Sunday train for Cincinnati, which leaves at 3:45 A. M. Fare \$4 00 for the round trip. Tickets good during the Exposition and to return until October 10th.

The Junction railroad has a Sunday train, which leaves this city at 3:45 A. M. Fare for the round trip \$4 00. Tickets are good to return on during the Exposition till October 10th.

Remember that the Junction railroad has a Sunday train for Cincinnati during the Exposition, leaving at 3:45 A. M. Fare \$4 00 the round trip. Tickets good to return till October 10th.

### BUSINESS NOTICES.

Wholesale Dealers.  
Besides its country circulation, which is very large, The Evening News is read or every train leaving or arriving at 3 o'clock, and at every hotel in the evening. Advertise in it.

INDIANA ITEMS.

Terre Haute has a tin can famine.

Colonel C. M. Allen is seriously ill at his home in Vincennes, and last night his little son Louis ate some castor beans and is now in a dangerous condition.

A German named Westernman, at times insane, was run over near Richmond yesterday afternoon by a freight train bound east. The man is not likely to recover from the injuries received.

Women get their rights in Terre Haute. Frinestance, a lady of that city did not shine up her husband's boots properly and got the right one right under her right eye. Matilda Fletcher speaks in Terre Haute next Tuesday.

Suit has been commenced by two citizens of Evansville for the recovery of a block of land in the heart of the city, which was given to the city for a public square, years ago, has been diverted from its purpose, thus giving it back to the heirs of the original owners. The court house and several important buildings stand on the property, which is intersected by two of the principal streets.

A horrible murder occurred in Clark county, eight miles back of Jeffersonville, on Thursday night, in which Pat Conroy was stabbed to death by James Crawford. Crawford applied to the proprietor of a cement mill, at Sellersburg for work. Failing to get employment, he charged Conroy with interfering and threatened to do him harm.

Crawford walked into a shed where Conroy was at work, and using abusive language knocked him down, and drawing a long-bladed knife plunged it into Conroy, near the breast. The wounded man died in a few hours. The murderer was arrested and lodged in the county jail.

Mr. Cragle, wife and daughter, were drowned at Otter Tail Lake, Minnesota, while sailing, last Saturday.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

ASBURY CHAPEL.—There will be a sermon at 10:30 A. M. by Rev. W. McDonald, of Boston. The public is invited to attend.

FRIENDS MEETING HOUSE.—Corner St. Clair and Delaware streets. Meeting at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. A number of accredited ministers will be present.

OLIVET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Corner of Union and McCarty streets. Services, morning and evening. Rev. J. R. Brandt, pastor. Sabbath school at 2 P. M. All are invited.

UNITY CHURCH.—Corner of Tennessee and Michigan streets. Preaching to-morrow morning at 10:30 o'clock by the pastor, Rev. S. S. Hunting. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock.

UNITED PRESBYTERIAN.—The usual services to-morrow at 10:30 A. M. and 4 P. M. in the reading room of the Young Men's Christian Association, by Rev. H. L. Clark. Seats free. All are invited.

MAYFLOWER CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.—Corner of East and St. Clair streets. Rev. N. A. Hyde having returned, services will be resumed to-morrow at the usual hours. The public invited.

ENGLISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Corner New York and Alabama streets. Rev. E. L. Harkney, of Dayton, Ohio, will preach in this church to-morrow (Sabbath) morning and evening at the usual hours.

ROBERTS PARK M. E. CHURCH.—Corner Vermont and Delaware streets. There will be a speaking meeting at this church Wednesday evening, conducted by brothers Inskeep and McDonald. All are cordially invited.

CHRIST CHURCH (Episcopal).—A meeting of the ladies of this church will be held at the residence of Mrs. E. R. Parker, 278 North Meridian street, on Monday afternoon, 16th instant, at a full attendance is earnestly requested.

## A CARD.

Our Grand Opening was a complete success, and we desire to extend our thanks to friends and the public generally for the large attendance, we having shown more goods than in any three days since we commenced business. We will continue to display the elegant line shown on this occasion, together with large additions of new styles and novelties, as soon as issued by the leading houses of the country.

We again extend a cordial invitation to all to come and look.

## THE ILIFF BROTHERS,

"HATTERS OF THE PERIOD,"

Opposite Palmer House.

## Physicians' Prescriptions

Compounded at all hours day or night, with promptness, at the

## PRESCRIPTION DRUG STORE,

18 and 30 North Illinois st.,

## BATES HOUSE BLOCK.

GRAY & BEYSCHLAG,  
(Successors to H. H. Lee.)

THIRD PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Rev. J. Addison Priest, D. D. of Quincy, Ill., will preach in this church to-morrow morning and evening, at 10:30 and 7:30 o'clock. Sabbath School and Bible class at 2 P. M. The public cordially invited.

THIRD STREET M. E. CHURCH.—Between Illinois and Tennessee streets. Frost Craft, pastor. Preaching as usual, at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. by Rev. Harvey Harris, of the Southeastern Indiana Conference. Sabbath school at 2 P. M. Seats free and all are invited to attend.

SEVENTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Elm street, near Cedar. Rev. C. H. Raymond, pastor. Preaching on Sabbath at 10:30 A. M. by the pastor. Sabbath school at 2 1/2 o'clock. P. M. Preaching in the evening at 9 o'clock by the Rev. Dr. Wm. T. Spoole, of Newburgh, N. Y. The public is invited. Seats free and all are welcome.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Sheriff.—Albert Reissner is a candidate for the office of County Sheriff on the Liberal Republican and Democratic ticket.

For Justice of the Peace.—Leopold Fieblinger is a candidate for Justice of the Peace of Center township, Marion county.

## NOW ARRIVING!

## FALL STYLES

## MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

INCLUDING SELECT STYLES IN

## Neckwear,

## Collars and Cuffs,

## Underwear,

## Gloves and

## Hosiery.

EDDY & WEST,

16 North Pennsylvania St.

Shirts made to order.

## DANCING SCHOOL

by

WILLIAM HOFMANN

At Mozart Hall.

Classes now commencing as follows: Beginners' Class for ladies and children, Tuesday, Sept. 17th, 7 P. M. Gentlemen's Class, Wednesday, Sept. 18th, 8 P. M. Advance Class, Tuesday, Sept. 24th, 8 P. M. All at 10 o'clock.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Notice is hereby given that, by order of the Court of Common Pleas of Marion county, State of Indiana, on Monday, the 16th day of September, 1872, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of George F. Meyer, late of Marion county, State of Indiana, deceased, will sell at private sale the personal property of said George F. Meyer, deceased, contained in the store known as No. 35 West Washington street, in the City of Indianapolis, consisting of tools, signs, together with various other articles too tedious to mention.

A credit of twelve months will be given on all sums over fifty dollars, the same being secured by note with approved security, payable without any relief from valuation or appraisement laws, with interest.

Sale will take place at the late store of the said George F. Meyer, deceased, No. 35 West Washington street, in the City of Indianapolis, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M., and continue from day to day until sold.

U. O. CHARLES M. RASCHIG, Administrator.

## HON. DAVID TURPIE

AND

## HON. C. F. McNUTT

WILL SPEAK IN THE

## State House Yard,

On Monday Night, the 16th instant.

Turn Out! Turn Out!

J. A. COMINGER, M. D.

Office—No. 24 North Delaware street.

Removes—235 North Liberty street.

## GREAT REDUCTION

## IN

## BRONZE AND STAMPED GILT PAPERS

AT LESS THAN

## Manufacturer's Prices,

AT

## W. H. ROLL'S,

38 South Illinois street.

For sixty days previous to removing into our new quarters.

IF YOU WISH to see and examine new and beautiful styles of fine jewelry, watches, diamonds, etc., visit the old reliable Bates House Corner Jewelry Store of McLENE & NORTHROP, BATES HOUSE CORNER.

## BAMBERGER'S

## FALL HATS.

## SAMUEL BECK & SON

Have the Largest and best Stock of

## BREECH AND MUZZLE LOADING SHOT GUNS,

RIFLES, PISTOLS, ETC., IN THE STATE.

Single Guns from \$3 to \$25.00; Double Guns from \$8 to \$150.00.

Agents for the Celebrated Parker Breech Loading Guns, DuPont Austin and M. and Powder Companies.

63 East Washington street, Indianapolis.

## JOS. A. MOORE.

JOS. A. MOORE & BRO., Brokers,

NO. 10 BLACKFORD'S BLOCK.

We are prepared to loan money in sums of \$1,000 to \$100,000 on from one to five years' time, secured by mortgage on improved or unimproved Real Estate. Parties desiring loans are invited to call at our office.

We also have for sale a number of first rate notes that can be sold at a fair discount. Persons wishing to loan or borrow money will find us ready for business.

## ALEMANNIA

## FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

OF

Cleveland, Ohio.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

Cash Capital - - - \$250,000

Cash Assets - - - 499,381 22

## McGILLIARD & BROWN, Agents,

No. 9 & 11 South Meridian street.

## Mick Brothers.

## REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

16 1-2 East Washington Street.

ROOM NO. 7, UP-STAIRS.

## FOR SALE.

Fifteen acres No. 1 land, east of the city, a short distance, that will subdivide well, and will yield a fine profit to the purchaser; will be sold on long time.

2 1/2 acres in Fletcher's Oak Hill addition, with streets on three sides, can be bought low and easy. A tract of land east of city; well located; containing 39 acres, with fine improvements; to sell at a great bargain, or will sell 27 acres, reserving improvement, at a price that will insure to the purchaser a large profit before one year.

A splendid house of 10 or 12 rooms, handsomely finished and centrally located, on a fine 50 foot lot; will suit some one wanting a nice home.

Three beautiful building lots on North Illinois street, in Morrison's addition; also 6 or 8 on Meridian street, Morrison's addition.

One lot 98 feet front, on Pennsylvania street, just above Home avenue.

Several very fine vacant lots on Bellefont